



KRAFT Chassis Coat White

Revision nr.2 Dated 24/06/2022 Printed on 27/06/2022 Page n. 1 / 19

Replaced revision:1 (Dated 24/06/2022)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: CK322660001

Product name KRAFT Chassis Coat White

UFI: 5300-R0XT-600X-GUUQ

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Anticorrosive Paint for Chassis

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name DRUCKFARBEN HELLAS SA Full address MEGARIDOS AVENUE

District and Country 19300 ASPROPYRGOS (ATTIKI)

GREECE

Tel. +30 210 5519500 Fax +30 210 5519501

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet (KRAFT:) psafety@druckfarben.gr / (DF_INKS:)

vapostolodis@druckfarbengroup.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to 0030-210-7793777

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure,	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or
category 2		repeated exposure.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure,	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
category 3		
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
toxicity, category 3		

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:







Signal words: Warning

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.





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SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 Causes skill initiation.

May cause respiratory irritation.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P370+P378 In case of fire: use alcohol resistant foam to extinguish.

P501 Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal plant or recycled in accordance with local / national /

international regulations.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

Contains: Reaction mass of Ethylbenzene and Xylene

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Reaction mass of Ethylbenzene and Xylene

CAS 20 ≤ x < 30 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335

STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, STA Inhalation mists/powders: 1,5 mg/l, STA

Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l

INDEX

EC

REACH Reg. 01-2119486136-3X-YYYY

905-588-0

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

CAS 13463-67-7 $9 \le x < 30$

EC 236-675-5

INDEX

REACH Reg. 01-2119489379-17-xxxx

BASF n-Butyl Acetate

CAS 123-86-4 $1 \le x < 5$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336

EC 204-658-1 INDEX 607-025-00-1

REACH Reg. 01-2119485493-29-0XXX

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

CAS 64742-48-9 1 ≤ x < 5 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066, Classification

note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: P

EC 919-857-5

INDEX

REACH Reg. 01-2119463258-33-xxxx

N-BUTYL ACETATE

CAS 123-86-4 0,5 ≤ x < 1 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC 204-658-1 INDEX 607-025-00-1 Tri-Zinc Bis(Orthophosphate)

CAS 7779-90-0 0,25 ≤ x < 0,5 Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1

EC 231-944-3 INDEX 030-011-00-6

REACH Reg. 01-2119485044-40-0000

@EPY 11.2.1 - SDS 1004.14



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SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients / >:

2-Ethylhexanoic Acid, Zirconium Salt

CAS 22464-99-9 $0 \le x < 0.5$ Repr. 2 H361

EC 245-018-1

INDEX

REACH Reg. 01-2119463258-33

Zinc Oxide

CAS 1314-13-2 0 ≤ x < 0,25 Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1

EC 215-222-5 INDEX 030-013-00-7 REACH Reg. 01-2119463881-32

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

CAS 1330-20-7 $0 \le x < 0.5$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C

LD50 Dermal: >1700 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l

INDEX 601-022-00-9 REACH Reg. 01-2119488216-32

215-535-7

215-535-7

Xylene

FC

FC.

CAS 1330-20-7 $0 \le x < 0.5$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C

STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l

INDEX 601-022-00-9

REACH Reg. 01-2119488216-32

INEOS Acetone

CAS 67-64-1 0 ≤ x < 0,5 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC 200-662-2 INDEX 606-001-00-8

REACH Reg. 01-2119471330-49-0003 BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

CAS 108-65-6 $0 \le x < 0.5$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336

EC 203-603-9 INDEX 607-195-00-7

REACH Reg. 01-2119475791-29-00XX

Phthalic Anhydride

CAS 85-44-9 0 ≤ x < 0,5 Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335,

Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1 H317

201-607-5 STA Oral: 500 mg/kg

INDEX 607-009-00-4 REACH Reg. 01-2119457017-41

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol

CAS 128-37-0 $0 \le x < 0.5$ Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1

EC 204-881-4

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EC

REACH Reg. 01-2119565113-46

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available



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SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, **BGR** България

СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17

Януари 2020г.)

DEU Deutschland Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und

Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung

gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56

Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των Ελλάδα **GRC**

οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας

2004/37/ΕΚ "σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με

την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία"»

Italia Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81 ITA

ROU România Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru

modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006

GBR United Kingdom EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) EU OEL EU

2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive

2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive

91/322/FFC

TLV-ACGIH **ACGIH 2021**

					Phthalic	C Anhydride				
Thresh	old Limit Value									
Туре	e Cou	untry TW	/A/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Ob	servations		
		mg	/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
OEL	EU	6		1	6	1				
Predict	ed no-effect cor	ncentration -	- PNEC							
Norr	nal value in fresh	water						5,6	mg/l	
Norr	nal value for fres	h water sedir	ment					0,02826	mg/kg	
Norr	nal value of STP	microorganis	sms					10	mg/l	
Health	- Derived no-effe	ect level - D	NEL / DN	1EL						
		Effects on	consume	ers			Effects on work	cers		
Rou	te of exposure	Acute	Acute		Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
		local	syster	nic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral					VND	5				
						mg/kg/day				
Inha	lation				VND	8,6			VND	32,2
						mg/kg/day				mg/kg/day
Skin					VND	5				
						mg/kg/day				

				2,6-di-tert	-butyl-p-creso	ol			
Threshold Limit Value)								
Туре Со	ountry	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Ol	oservations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
OEL EU	J	10							
Predicted no-effect co	ncentratio	on - PNEC	3						
Normal value in fres	h water						0,0002	mg/l	
Normal value in mar	ine water						0,00002	mg/l	
Health - Derived no-ef	fect level	- DNEL / I	DMEL						
	Effects	on consu	mers			Effects on worl	kers		
Route of exposure	Acute	Acu	ıte	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	sys	temic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Inhalation		-					-	VND	3,5
									mg/kg
Skin								VND	0,5
									mg/kg
									bw/d



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection / >	SECTION 8	. Exposure	controls/	personal	protection	/>
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				Х	(ylene		
Threshold Limi	t Value						
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	BGR	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN	
MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN	
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150		
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
TLV	ROU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	SKIN	
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150		

	Tri-Zinc Bis(Orthophosphate)									
Threshold Limit	Threshold Limit Value									
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15i	min	Remarks / Observations				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm					
MAK	DEU	2		4		INHAL				
MAK	DEU	0,1		0,4		RESP				

				Zin	c Oxide	
Threshold Limit	Value					
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	5		10		като цинк
MAK	DEU	2		4		INHAL
MAK	DEU	0,1		0,4		RESP
TLV	GRC	5		10		
TLV	ROU	5		10		Fumuri
TLV-ACGIH		2		10		RESP

			2-E	thylhexanoic	Acid, Zirco	nium Salt	
Threshold Limit	Value						
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15i	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	ROU	5		10		în Zr	
WEL	GBR	5		10		As Zr	
TLV-ACGIH		5		10			

	INEOS Acetone										
Threshold Limit	Value										
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15n	nin	Remarks / Observations					
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm						
TLV	BGR	600		1400							
AGW	DEU	1200	500	2400 (C)	1000 (C)						
MAK	DEU	1200	500	2400	1000						
TLV	GRC	1780		3560							
VLEP	ITA	1210	500								
TLV	ROU	1210	500								
WEL	GBR	1210	500	3620	1500						
OEL	EU	1210	500								
TLV-ACGIH			250		500						



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SECTION 8. Expos	ure contro	ls/person	al prote	ction/>>					
				Xylene (mixt	ure of isome	ers)			
Threshold Limit Va	alue								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15i	min	Remarks / Ob	servations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
MAK	DEU		100		200				
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150				
WEL	GBR		50		100				
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100				
TLV-ACGIH			100		150				
Predicted no-effect		tion - PNEC	;						
Normal value in	fresh water						0,327	mg/l	
Normal value in	marine wate	r					0,327	mg/l	
Normal value for							12,46	mg/kg	
Normal value for	r marine wate	er sediment					12,46	mg/kg	
Health - Derived no	o-effect leve	el - DNEL / [DMEL						
	Effec	cts on consu	mers			Effects on work	ers		
Route of exposu	re Acut	e Acu	te	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	syst	emic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral				VND	1,6				
					mg/kg/d				
Inhalation	174	174		VND	14,8	289	289	VND	77
	mg/n	n3 mg/	m3		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3		mg/m3
Skin				VND	108			VND	180
					mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d

				BASF n-	Butyl Acetate				
hreshold Lim	it Value	<u>"</u>		2,101 11					
Туре	Countr	y TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / O	bservations		
,		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	BGR	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50				
MAK	DEU	270	50	270	50				
TLV	GRC	275	50	550	100				
VLEP	ITA	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
TLV	ROU	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100	SKIN			
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
redicted no-e	ffect conce	ntration - PNE	3						
Normal value	e in fresh wa	ater					0,635	mg/l	
Normal value	e in marine	water					0,0635	ml/l	
Normal value	e for fresh w	ater sediment					3,29	mg/kg	
Normal value	e for marine	water sediment					0,329	mg/kg	
Normal value	e for water,	intermittent relea	ase				6,35	mg/l	
Normal value	e of STP mi	croorganisms					100	mg/l	
ealth - Derive	d no-effect	level - DNEL /	DMEL						
	I	Effects on consu	ımers			Effects on wor	kers		
Route of exp	osure	Acute Acu	ıte	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
		local sys	temic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral				VND	1,67				
					mg/kg				
Inhalation				VND	33	553,5	VND	VND	275
					mg/m3	mg/m3			mg/m3
Skin				VND	54,8			VND	153,5
					mg/kg				mg/kg



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SECTION 8.	Exposure controls	/personal	protection	/ >>
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				BTC Methoxy Pi	ropyi Acetate	(IVIPA)			
reshold Limit Va									
Туре	Country	/ TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	BGR	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50				
MAK	DEU	270	50	270	50				
TLV	GRC	275	50	550	100				
VLEP	ITA	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
TLV	ROU	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100	SKIN			
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
edicted no-effec	t concentra	ation - PNE	С						
Normal value in	fresh water						0,635	mg/l	
Normal value in	er					0,0635	ml/l		
Normal value for	r sediment					3,29	mg/kg		
Normal value for	marine wa	ter sedimen	t				0,329	mg/kg	
Normal value for	water, inte	rmittent rele	ase				6,35	mg/l	
Normal value of	STP micro	organisms					100	mg/l	
ealth - Derived no	o-effect lev	el - DNEL /	DMEL						
		cts on cons	umers			Effects on wor	kers		
Route of exposu	re Acu	te Ac	ute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	ıl sys	stemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral		_		VND	1,67				
					mg/kg				
Inhalation				VND	33	553,5	VND	VND	275
					mg/m3	mg/m3			mg/m3
Skin				VND	54,8			VND	153,5

TITANIUM DIOXIDE									
Threshold Limit Value									
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	BGR	10				RESP			
TLV	GRC		10						
TLV	ROU	10		15					
WEL	GBR	10				INHAL			
WEL	GBR	4				RESP			
TLV-ACGIH		10							

				N-BUTY	L ACETATE		
Threshold Limit	Value						
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	BGR	710		950			
AGW	DEU	300	62	600 (C)	124 (C)		
TLV	GRC	710	150	950	200		
VLEP	ITA	241	50	723	150		
TLV	ROU	241	50	723	150		
WEL	GBR	724	150	966	200		
OEL	EU	241	50	723	150		
TLV-ACGIH			50		150		



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

		Hydroca	rbons, C9-0	C11, n-alkanes	, isoalkanes,	cyclics, <2% aro	matics		
Threshold Limit Va	alue								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	GRC	1200							
Health - Derived no	o-effect leve	el - DNEL /	DMEL						
Effects on consur		ımers			Effects on workers				
Route of exposur	re Acut	e Acı	ıte	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	l sys	temic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral				VND	300				
					mg/kg/d				
Inhalation				VND	900	VND	1500		
					mg/m3		mg/m3		
Skin				VND	300		-	VND	300
					mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required. Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	liquid	
Colour	white	
Odour	characteristic	
Melting point / freezing point	not available	
Initial boiling point	not available	
Flammability	not available	
Lower explosive limit	not available	
Upper explosive limit	not available	



Kinematic viscosity

Dynamic viscosity



DRUCKFARBEN HELLAS SA

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SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties .../>>

Flash point $23 \le T \le 60$ °C Auto-ignition temperature not available Decomposition temperature not available pH not available

Reason for missing data:substance/mixture is non-polar/aprotic (eg: an organic solvent

mixture)

Method:Converting Formula from Dynamic

Viscosity & Density

Temperature: 25 °C

Method:ASTM D 562-05

Temperature: 25 °C

Solubility not available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water not available Vapour pressure not available

Density and/or relative density 1,25-1,35 g/cm3 Method:ISO 2811
Temperature: 25 °C

850±450 mm2/s

85 (±15) KU

Relative vapour density not available Particle characteristics not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Total solids (250°C / 482°F) 79,27 %

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

INEOS Acetone

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

BASF n-Butyl Acetate

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Decomposes on contact with: water.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

2-Ethylhexanoic Acid, Zirconium Salt

SADT = 210°C/410°F.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

Xylene

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. Reacts violently with: strong oxidants, strong acids, nitric acid, perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

INEOS Acetone

Risk of explosion on contact with: bromine trifluoride,fluorine dioxide,hydrogen peroxide,nitrosyl chloride,2-methyl-1,3

butadiene,nitromethane,nitrosyl perchlorate. May react dangerously with: potassium tert-butoxide, alkaline

hydroxides, bromine, bromoform, isoprene, sodium, sulphur dioxide, chromium trioxide, chromyl chloride, nitric

acid,chloroform,peroxymonosulphuric acid,phosphoryl oxychloride,chromosulphuric acid,fluorine,strong oxidising agents,strong reducing agents.Develops flammable gas on contact with: nitrosyl perchlorate.

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): stable, but may develop violent reactions in the presence of strong oxidising agents such as sulphuric and nitric acids and perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with the air.

BASF n-Butyl Acetate





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May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

INEOS Acetone

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat,naked flames.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: moisture, sources of heat, naked flames.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Avoid exposure to: heat. Keep away from: oxidising agents.

10.5. Incompatible materials

INEOS Acetone

Incompatible with: acids,oxidising substances.

BASF n-Butyl Acetate

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: water,nitrates,strong oxidants,acids,alkalis,zinc.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

INEOS Acetone

May develop: ketenes,irritant substances.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): has a toxic effect on the CNS (encephalopathies). Irritating to the skin, conjunctivae, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

BASF n-Butyl Acetate

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Xylene

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

BASF n-Butyl Acetate

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Xylene

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.



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BASF n-Butyl Acetate

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

N-BUTYL ACETATE

In humans, the substance's vapours cause irritation of the eyes and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, skin irritation, dermatitis (dryness and cracking of the skin) and keratitis appear.

Interactive effects

Xvlene

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

A case of acute intoxication been reported involving a 33 year old worker while cleaning a tank with a preparation containing xylenes, butyl acetate and ethylene glycol acetate. The person had irritation of the conjunctiva and upper respiratory tract, drowsiness and motor coordination disorders, which disappeared within 5 hours. The symptoms are attributed to poisoning by mixed xylenes and butyl acetate, with a possible synergistic effect responsible for the neurological effects. Cases of vacuolar keratitis are reported in workers exposed to a mixture of butyl acetate and isobutanol vapours, but with uncertainty concerning the responsibility of a particular solvent (INRC, 2011).

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: > 5 mg/l
ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l
ATE (Inhalation - gas) of the mixture: 0,0 mg/l

ATE (Oral) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg

Reaction mass of Ethylbenzene and Xylene

STA (Dermal): 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

STA (Inhalation mists/powders): 1,5 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

STA (Inhalation vapours): 11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

Xylene

LD50 (Dermal): 4350 mg/kg Rabbit

STA (Dermal): 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

LD50 (Oral): 3523 mg/kg Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 26 mg/l/4h Rat

Tri-Zinc Bis(Orthophosphate)

LD50 (Oral): > 5000 mg/kg Rat - Wistar

LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders): > 5,7 mg/l Rat

2-Ethylhexanoic Acid, Zirconium Salt

LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg Rat - Wistar

LD50 (Oral): > 5000 mg/kg Rat - Sprague-Dawley

LC50 (Inhalation vapours): > 4,3 mg/l/4h Rat

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 1700 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 3523 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 5000 ppm/4h Rat



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BASF n-Butyl Acetate

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 5000 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Oral):
 8530 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 > 25,8 mg/l Rat

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 5000 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Oral):
 8530 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 > 25,8 mg/l Rat

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

LD50 (Oral): > 10000 mg/kg Rat

N-BUTYL ACETATE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 6400 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 21,1 mg/l/4h Rat

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics
LD50 (Dermal): > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit
LD50 (Oral): > 5000 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation vapours): > 20 mg/l/4h Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Respiratory sensitization

Information not available

Skin sensitization

Information not available

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Xylene

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

Information not available

Adverse effects on development of the offspring

Information not available

Effects on or via lactation

Information not available





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STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Viscosity: 850±450 mm2/s

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Tri-Zinc Bis(Orthophosphate)

LC50 - for Fish 0,78 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas EC50 - for Crustacea 0,86 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

Zinc Oxide

LC50 - for Fish 1,1 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss EC50 - for Crustacea 1,7 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 0,14 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Chronic NOEC for Fish 0,53 mg/l
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 0,024 mg/l

2-Ethylhexanoic Acid, Zirconium Salt

LC50 - for Fish > 100 mg/l/96h Danio rerio

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 49,3 mg/l/72h Desmodesmus subspicatus

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

LC50 - for Fish > 100 mg/l/96h Microorganisms

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

LC50 - for Fish > 100 mg/l/96h Fish / Aquatic Invertebrates / Algae / Microorganisms

 EC50 - for Crustacea
 > 100 mg/l/48h

 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 > 100 mg/l/72h

 Chronic NOEC for Fish
 > 0,1 mg/l

 Chronic NOEC for Crustacea
 > 0,1 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability



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2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol

Degradability: information not available

Xylene

Solubility in water 100 - 1000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

Tri-Zinc Bis(Orthophosphate)

Solubility in water 2,7 mg/l

Degradability: information not available

Zinc Oxide

Solubility in water 2,9 mg/l

NOT rapidly degradable

2-Ethylhexanoic Acid, Zirconium Salt

Solubility in water < 0,1 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

INEOS Acetone Rapidly degradable

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

Rapidly degradable

BASF n-Butyl Acetate

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

Solubility in water < 0,001 mg/l

Degradability: information not available

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 5,1 Log Kow BCF < 1800

Xylene

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,12 **BCF** 25,9

Zinc Oxide

BCF > 175

INEOS Acetone

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -0,23

BASF n-Butvl Acetate

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,2

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,2





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N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,3 BCF 15,3

12.4. Mobility in soil

Xvlene

Partition coefficient: soil/water 2,73

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: soil/water < 3

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IMDG: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IATA: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III





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SECTION 14. Transport information

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO NO IATA:

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 30 Limited Quantities: 5 L

Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

IMDG:

IATA:

Special provision: 163, 367, 650 EMS: F-E, S-E

Limited Quantities: 5 L

Packaging instructions: 366 Packaging instructions: 355

Cargo: Pass.:

Maximum quantity: 220 L Maximum quantity: 60 L

A3, A72, A192

Special provision:

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

3 - 40 Point

Contained substance

Point

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flammable liquid, category 2 Flam. Lig. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3 Reproductive toxicity, category 2 Repr. 2 Acute toxicity, category 4 Acute Tox. 4





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Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Resp. Sens. 1 Respiratory sensitization, category 1

Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, category 1

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H332 Harmful if inhaled

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament





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SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01.