



Revision nr.2 Dated 07/02/2024 Printed on 07/02/2024 Page n. 1 / 16

(ATTIKI)

Replaced revision:1 (Dated 27/07/2017)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: CK202820001

Product name KRAFT POOL CARE White

UFI: W9X0-U0MS-C006-DWYN

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use One-component pool paint

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name DRUCKFARBEN HELLAS SA Full address MEGARIDOS AVENUE

District and Country 19300 ASPROPYRGOS

GREECE

Tel. +30 210 5519500 Fax +30 210 5519501

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet psafety@druckfarben.gr

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to 0030-210-7793777

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H362	May cause harm to breast-fed children.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or
	repeated exposure.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H362 H304 H373 H319 H315 H335

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:











KRAFT POOL CARE White

Revision nr.2 Dated 07/02/2024 Printed on 07/02/2024 Page n. 2 / 16

Replaced revision:1 (Dated 27/07/2017)

SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH208 Contains: 4-morpholinecarbaldehyde

May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P263 Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P501 Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal plant or recycled in accordance with local /

national / international regulations.

Contains: C14-17, Chlorinated Paraffins

XYLENE (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene)

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

2.3. Other hazards

PBT substances contained: C14-17, Chlorinated Paraffins

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

XYLENE (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene)

INDEX 25 ≤ x < 30 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335,

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

EC 905-588-0 STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l

CAS

REACH Reg. 01-2119486136-34 01-2119539452-40 01-2119539452-40-0055 01-2119485493-29

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

INDEX $9 \le x < 30$

EC 236-675-5 CAS 13463-67-7

REACH Reg. 01-2119489379-17-0000 01-2119489379-17-0197

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

INDEX 5 ≤ x < 9 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336,

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, EUH066, Classification note according to Annex VI

to the CLP Regulation: P

EC 918-668-5 CAS 64742-95-6

REACH Reg. 01-2119455851-35-0001 01-2119486773-24 01-2119455851-35



KRAFT POOL CARE White

Revision nr.2 Dated 07/02/2024 Printed on 07/02/2024 Page n. 3 / 16

Replaced revision:1 (Dated 27/07/2017)

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients .../>>

C14-17, Chlorinated Paraffins

INDEX 602-095-00-X $1 \le x < 2.5$ Lact. H362, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=10,

EUH066

EC 287-477-0 CAS 85535-85-9

REACH Reg. 01-2119519269-33-0000

n-Butyl Acetate

INDEX 607-025-00-1 $1 \le x < 5$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC 204-658-1

CAS 123-86-4

REACH Reg. 01-2119485493-29-0007 01-2119485493-29-0005 01-2119485493-29-0003 01-2119485493-29

4-morpholinecarbaldehyde

INDEX $0 \le x < 0.5$ Skin Sens. 1B H317

EC 224-518-3 CAS 4394-85-8 REACH Reg. 01-2119987993-12 Xylene (mixture of isomers)

INDEX 601-022-00-9 $0 \le x < 0.5$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C

EC 215-535-7 LD50 Dermal: >1700 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l

CAS 1330-20-7
REACH Reg. 01-2119488216-32
BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

INDEX 607-195-00-7 $0 \le x < 0.5$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336

EC 203-603-9 CAS 108-65-6

REACH Reg. 01-2119475791-29-00XX

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters



Revision nr.2 Dated 07/02/2024 Printed on 07/02/2024 Page n. 4 / 16 Replaced revision:1 (Dated 27)

Replaced revision:1 (Dated 27/07/2017)

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

ВGR България НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. 3А ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ,

СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17

Януари 2020г.)

DEU Deutschland Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2022 Ständige Senatskommission zur

Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe Mitteilung 58

GRC Ελλάδα Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των

οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ "σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με

την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία"»

ROU România Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru



KRAFT POOL CARE White

Revision nr.2 Dated 07/02/2024 Printed on 07/02/2024
Page n. 5 / 16
Replaced revision:1 (Dated 27/07/2017)

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

GBR United Kingdom EU OEL EU

modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006 EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive

2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2023

4-morpholinecarbaldehyde												
Predicted no-effect cor	centration	- PNEC										
Normal value in fresh	water					0,5	mg/l					
Normal value in marir	ne water					0,05	mg/l					
Normal value for fresl	h water sedi	ment				1,85	mg/kg					
Normal value for man	ine water se	diment				0,0764	mg/kg					
Normal value for water	er, intermitte	ent release				5	mg/l					
Health - Derived no-effe	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL										
	Effects or	n consumers		Effects on workers								
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic				
	local	systemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic				
Inhalation			VND	29			VND	98				
				mg/m3				mg/m3				
Skin			VND	8			0,293	VND				
				mg/kg/d			mg/cm2					

C14-17, Chlorinated Paraffins												
Threshold Limit Value												
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Ob	Remarks / Observations					
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm							
AGW	DEU	6	0,3	48	2,4	INHAL	11					
AGW	DEU	6	0,3	48	2,4	SKIN	11					

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics													
Threshold Limit	t Value												
Type	Cour	ntry T	WA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Ob						
		n	ng/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm							
TLV	GRC	;	100										
Health - Derived	Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL												
		Effects	on consu	mers			Effects on workers						
Route of expo	osure	Acute	Acu	ite	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic			
		local	syst	temic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic			
Oral					VND	11							
						mg/kg/d							
Inhalation					VND	32			VND	150			
						mg/m3				mg/m3			
Skin					VND	11			VND	25			
						mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d			



Revision nr.2 Dated 07/02/2024 Printed on 07/02/2024 Page n. 6 / 16 Replaced revision:1 (Dated 27/07/2017)

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

				Xylene (mix	ture of isome	ers)				
Threshold Limit Valu	ıe			,		•				
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Ol	oservations			
	•	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm					
MAK [DEU		100	•	200					
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150					
WEL	3BR		50		100					
OEL E	ΞU	221	50	442	100					
TLV-ACGIH			100		150					
Predicted no-effect	concentrat	ion - PNE	С							
Normal value in fre	esh water						0,327	mg/l		
Normal value in m	arine water	•					0,327	mg/l		
Normal value for fi	esh water	sediment					12,46	mg/kg		
Normal value for n	narine wate	er sedimen	t				12,46	mg/kg		
Health - Derived no-	effect leve	I - DNEL /	DMEL							
	Effect	ts on cons	umers			Effects on workers				
Route of exposure	Acute	e Ac	ute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	
	local	sys	stemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic	
Oral				VND	1,6					
					mg/kg/d					
Inhalation	174	17	4	VND	14,8	289	289	VND	77	
	mg/m	13 mg	J/m3		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3		mg/m3	
Skin				VND	108			VND	180	
					mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d	

				n-But	yl Acetate				
hreshold Limit Va	lue								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Ol	oservations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	BGR	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50				
MAK	DEU	270	50	270	50				
TLV	GRC	275	50	550	100				
TLV	ROU	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100	SKIN			
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
Predicted no-effect	concentr	ation - PNE	C						
Normal value in f	resh water						0,635	mg/l	
Normal value in r	marine wat	er					0,0635	ml/l	
Normal value for	fresh wate	r sediment					3,29	mg/kg	
Normal value for	marine wa	ter sedimer	nt				0,329	mg/kg	
Normal value for	water, inte	rmittent rele	ease				6,35	mg/l	
Normal value of	STP micro	organisms					100	mg/l	
lealth - Derived no	effect lev	el - DNEL	DMEL						
	Effe	cts on cons	umers			Effects on world	kers		
Route of exposur	e Acu	te Ad	cute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	ıl sy	stemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral				VND	1,67				
					mg/kg				
Inhalation				VND	33	553,5	VND	VND	275
					mg/m3	mg/m3			mg/m3
Skin				VND	54,8			VND	153,5
					mg/kg				mg/kg



Revision nr.2 Dated 07/02/2024 Printed on 07/02/2024 Page n. 7 / 16

Replaced revision:1 (Dated 27/07/2017)

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection/>>

•			•						
			В	TC Methoxy Pi	ropyl Acetate	(MPA)			
Threshold Limit	Value								
Type	Country	TWA/8h ST			TEL/15min Remarks / Ob:				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	BGR	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50				
MAK	DEU	270	50	270	50				
TLV	GRC	275	50	550	100				
TLV	ROU	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100	SKIN			
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
Predicted no-eff	ect concentra	ation - PNEC	:						
Normal value	in fresh water						0,635	mg/l	
Normal value	in marine wate	er					0,0635	ml/l	
Normal value	for fresh wate	r sediment					3,29	mg/kg	
Normal value	for marine wa	ter sediment					0,329	mg/kg	
Normal value	for water, inte	rmittent relea	ase				6,35	mg/l	
Normal value	of STP micro	organisms					100	mg/l	
lealth - Derived	no-effect lev	el - DNEL / I	DMEL						
	Effe	cts on consu	mers			Effects on worl	kers		
Route of expo	sure Acu	te Acı	ıte	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	l sys	temic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral		•		VND	1,67		-		·
					mg/kg				
Inhalation				VND	33	553,5	VND	VND	275
					mg/m3	mg/m3			mg/m3
Skin				VND	54,8			VND	153,5
					mg/kg				mg/kg

	TITANIUM DIOXIDE													
Threshold Limit	Threshold Limit Value													
Туре	Country	TWA/8h	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		servations							
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm									
TLV	BGR	10				RESP								
MAK	DEU	0,3		2,4		RESP	Hinweis							
TLV	GRC		10											
TLV	ROU	10		15										
WEL	GBR	10				INHAL								
WEL	GBR	4				RESP								
TLV-ACGIH		0,2				RESP								

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, failure time and

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion. **EYE PROTECTION**

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the



Revision nr.2 Dated 07/02/2024 Printed on 07/02/2024 Page n. 8 / 16

Replaced revision:1 (Dated 27/07/2017)

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection/>>

threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387).

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Value Appearance liquid Colour white Odour characteristic Melting point / freezing point not available Initial boiling point not available Flammability not available Lower explosive limit not available not available Upper explosive limit Flash point $23 \le T \le 60$ °C Auto-ignition temperature not available Decomposition temperature not available not available

Kinematic viscosity 760-1680 mm2/s

Dynamic viscosity 90-110 KU

Solubility not available Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water not available Vapour pressure not available

Density and/or relative density 1,43-1,51 g/cm3

Relative vapour density not available Particle characteristics not applicable Information

Temperature: 25 °C Temperature: 25 °C

Reason for missing data:substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)
Method:Converting Formula from Dynamic Viscosity & Density

Temperature: 25 °C Method:ASTM D 562-05 Temperature: 25 °C

Method:ISO 2811 Temperature: 25 °C

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Total solids (250°C / 482°F) 64,27 %

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

n-Butyl Acetate

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.



Revision nr.2 Dated 07/02/2024 Printed on 07/02/2024 Page n. 9 / 16

Replaced revision:1 (Dated 27/07/2017)

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity .../>>

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

C14-17, Chlorinated Paraffins SADT >200°C/392°F.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

Xvlene (mixture of isomers)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): stable, but may develop violent reactions in the presence of strong oxidising agents such as sulphuric and nitric acids and perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with the air.

n-Butyl Acetate

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

n-Butyl Acetate

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): has a toxic effect on the CNS (encephalopathies). Irritating to the skin, conjunctivae, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

n-Butyl Acetate

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

Information on likely routes of exposure

n-Butyl Acetate

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

n-Butyl Acetate

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).



KRAFT POOL CARE White

Revision nr.2 Dated 07/02/2024 Printed on 07/02/2024 Page n. 10 / 16

Replaced revision:1 (Dated 27/07/2017)

SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l

ATE (Oral) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg

4-morpholinecarbaldehyde

LD50 (Dermal): > 18400 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Oral): > 7360 mg/kg Rat

XYLENE (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene)

LD50 (Dermal): 12126 mg/kg Rabbit

STA (Dermal): 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

LD50 (Oral): 3523 mg/kg Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 27,124 mg/l/4h Rat

STA (Inhalation vapours): 11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

C14-17, Chlorinated Paraffins

LD50 (Oral): > 4000 mg/kg Rat - Wistar LC50 (Inhalation vapours): > 48,17 mg/l/1h Rat

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 3400 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 6800 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 > 10,2 mg/l/4h

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 1700 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 3523 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 5000 ppm/4h Rat

n-Butyl Acetate

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 5000 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Oral):
 13100 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 > 21 mg/l Rat

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 5000 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Oral):
 8530 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 > 25,8 mg/l Rat

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

LD50 (Oral): > 10000 mg/kg Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains:

4-morpholinecarbaldehyde



Revision nr.2 Dated 07/02/2024 Printed on 07/02/2024 Page n. 11 / 16

Replaced revision:1 (Dated 27/07/2017)

SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

May cause harm to breast-fed children.

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and highly toxic for aquatic organisms.

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on acquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

4-morpholinecarbaldehyde

LC50 - for Fish > 500 mg/l/96h Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe EC50 - for Crustacea > 500 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna (Water flea EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 23880 mg/l/72h Scenedesmus subspicatus

XYLENE (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene)

LC50 - for Fish 18 mg/l/96h Fresh Water Fish

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 1,3 mg/l/72h Algae

C14-17, Chlorinated Paraffins

LC50 - for Fish > 5000 mg/l/96h Alburnus alburnus EC50 - for Crustacea 0,0077 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 3,2 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 0,01 mg/l Daphnia magna

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

 LC50 - for Fish
 > 1 mg/l/96h

 EC50 - for Crustacea
 > 1 mg/l/48h

 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 > 1 mg/l/72h

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

LC50 - for Fish > 100 mg/l/96h Microorganisms

12.2. Persistence and degradability

4-morpholinecarbaldehyde Rapidly degradable

C14-17, Chlorinated Paraffins

Solubility in water < 0,1 mg/l

NOT rapidly degradable

@ EPY 11.6.1 - SDS 1004.14



Revision nr.2 Dated 07/02/2024 Printed on 07/02/2024 Page n. 12 / 16

Replaced revision:1 (Dated 27/07/2017)

SECTION 12. Ecological information .../>>

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Rapidly degradable

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

Rapidly degradable

n-Butyl Acetate

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

Solubility in water < 0,001 mg/l

Degradability: information not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

C14-17, Chlorinated Paraffins

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 7,2

n-Butyl Acetate

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,2

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,2

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT substances contained: C14-17, Chlorinated Paraffins

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: UN 1263



Revision nr.2 Dated 07/02/2024 Printed on 07/02/2024 Page n. 13 / 16

Replaced revision:1 (Dated 27/07/2017)

SECTION 14. Transport information .../>>

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IMDG: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IATA: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: Environmentally Hazardous

IMDG: Marine Pollutant

*

IATA: NO

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 30 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Special provision: 163, 367, 650

IMDG: EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Limited Quantities: 5 L

IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 220 L Packaging instructions: 366
Passengers: Maximum quantity: 60 L Packaging instructions: 355

Special provision: A3, A72, A192

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c-E1

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3 - 40 Contained substance

Point 75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

C14-17, Chlorinated Paraffins

REACH Reg.: 01-2119519269-33-0000

@EPY 11.6.1 - SDS 1004.14



Revision nr.2 Dated 07/02/2024 Printed on 07/02/2024 Page n. 14 / 16

Replaced revision:1 (Dated 27/07/2017)

SECTION 15. Regulatory information .../>>

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flammable liquid, category 3 Flam. Liq. 3

Reproductive toxicity, effects on or via lactation Lact.

Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4 Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Skin sensitization, category 1B Skin Sens. 1B

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1 **Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

Harmful if inhaled. H332

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H304

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H410 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation



KRAFT POOL CARE White

Dated 07/02/2024 Printed on 07/02/2024 Page n. 15 / 16 Replaced revision:1 (Dated 27/07/2017)

Revision nr.2

SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
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- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
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- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

ΕN





DRUCKFARBEN HELLAS SA KRAFT POOL CARE White

Revision nr.2 Dated 07/02/2024 Printed on 07/02/2024 Page n. 16 / 16 Replaced revision:1 (Dated 27/07/2017)

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.