

KRAFT WOOD CLASS

Revision nr. 8

Dated 30/10/2020 Printed on 30/10/2020

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Replaced revision:7 (Dated: 23/02/2018)

PAINTS		Replaced revision.7 (Dated. 25/02/2018)
Accor	Safety Data Sheet ding to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830	
		taking
SECTION 1. Identification of the sub	stance/mixture and of the company/under	laking
1.1. Product identifier Code: Product name	CK322430216 KRAFT WOOD CLASS	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or r Intended use	nixture and uses advised against	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data shee Name	t DRUCKFARBEN HELLAS SA	
Full address District and Country	Megaridos Ave 193 00 Aspropyrgos (Attiki) Greece	
	Tel. +30 210 5519500	
	Fax +30 210 5519501	
e-mail address of the competent person		
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	psafety@druckfarben.gr	
1.4. Emergenou telephone number		
1.4. Emergency telephone number For urgent inquiries refer to	+30 210 7793777	
SECTION 2. Hazards identification		

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:		
Flammable liquid, category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Aspiration hazard, category 1	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity,	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
category 3		

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:

KRA	FT	DI	RUCKFARBEN HELLAS SA	Revision nr. 8 Dated 30/10/2020 Printed on 30/10/2020
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Signal words:	Danger			
lazard statements:				
H226 H304 H336 H412 EUH066 EUH208	May be fata May cause Harmful to Repeated e Contains: 3		d enters airways. zziness. ong lasting effects. use skin dryness or cracking. butylcarbamate	
Precautionary statement	s:			
P210 P331 P280 P301+P310 P102 P370+P378 P501	Do NOT in Wear prote IF SWALLO Keep out o In case of f Dispose of	duce vomiting. ctive gloves/ prote DWED: Immediate f reach of children ire: use CO ₂ , foan	urfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sour ective clothing / eye protection / face protection / ea ely call a POISON CENTER or doctor. n or dry powder for extinction. tainer to an approved waste disposal plant or recyc	ar protection.
Contains:	xylene (mix	ons, C9-C11, n-all tture of isomers) natic solvent naph	kanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics ntha (petroleum)	
2.3. Other hazards				
	data the produ	ict does not conta	ain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1	%
SECTION 3. Co	-			, . .
	inposition	mormation	on ingredients	
3.2. Mixtures				
		v Cono %	Classification 4272/2009 (CLD)	
Identification Hydrocarbons, C9-C1		x = Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)	
isoalkanes, cyclics, < CAS 64742-48-9	2% aromatics	50 < x < 100	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE Classification note according to Annex VI to the	
EC 919-857-5 INDEX - Reg. no. 01-2119463	258-33-0000			-
xylene (mixture of iso CAS 1330-20-7	omers)	1 < x < 5	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute To	



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		Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C
EC 215-535-7		
INDEX 601-022-00-9		
Reg. no. 01-2119488216-32		
Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha (petroleum)		
CAS 64742-94-5	1 < x < 2,5	Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, EUH066
EC 265-198-5		
INDEX 649-424-00-3		
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt		
CAS 22464-99-9	0,5 < x < 1	Repr. 2 H361d
EC 245-018-1		
INDEX -		
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate		
CAS 55406-53-6	0 < x < 0,5	Acute Tox. 4 H302+H332, Eye Dam. 1 H318, STOT SE 3 H335, Skin Sens. 1B H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10
EC 259-627-5		
INDEX -		
ethyl methyl ketone oxime		
CAS 96-29-7	0 < x < 0,5	Carc. 2 H351, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1 H317
EC 202-496-6		
INDEX 616-014-00-0		
Reg. no. 01-2119539477-28		
Naphthalene		
CAS 91-20-3	0 < x < 0,25	Carc. 2 H351, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
EC 202-049-5		
INDEX 601-052-00-2		
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol		
CAS 128-37-0	0 x < 0,5	Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
EC 204-881-4	A S 0,0	
INDEX -		
Reg. no. 01-2119565113-46		

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures



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EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.



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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Third edition, published 2018)
GRC	Ελλάδα	
		Α ΤΗΣ ΚΥΒΕΡΝΗΣΕΩΣ - ΤΕΥΧΟΣ ΠΡΩΤΟ Αρ. Φύλλου 152 - 21 Αυγούστου 2018
ROU	România	HOTĂRÂRE nr. 584 din 2 august 2018 pentru modificarea Hotărârii Guvernului nr. 1.218/2006 privind
		stabilirea cerin
		elor minime de securitate
		i sănătate în muncă pentru asigurarea protec
		iei lucrătorilor împotriva riscurilor legate de prezen
		a agen
		ilor chimici
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive
		2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2019

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics Threshold Limit Value Туре Country TWA/8h STEL/15min Remarks / Observations mg/m3 mg/m3 ppm mag TLV GRC 1200 Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL Effects on Effects on consumers workers



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Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral			VND	300 mg/kg/d		0,0101110		ojotollilo
Inhalation			VND	900 mg/m3	VND	1500 mg/m3		
Skin			VND	300 mg/kg/d			VND	300 mg/kg/
xylene (mixture of isomers Threshold Limit Value	s)							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks /		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Observatio	ons	
WEL	GBR		50	-	100			
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150			
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100			
TLV-ACGIH			100		150			
Predicted no-effect concentratio	on - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water				0,327	mç	g/l		
Normal value in marine water				0,327	mg			
Normal value for fresh water see	diment			12,46		, j/kg		
Normal value for marine water s				12,46		j/kg		
Health - Derived no-effect		MEL		, -				
	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic
Oral			VND	systemic 1,6 mg/kg/d		systemic		systemic
Inhalation	174 mg/m3	174 mg/m3	VND	14,8 mg/m3	289 mg/m3	289 mg/m3	VND	77 mg/m3
Skin			VND	108 mg/kg/d			VND	180 mg/kg/
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirce Threshold Limit Value	onium salt							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks /		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Observatio	ons	
WEL	GBR	5		10			As Zr	
TLV	ROU	5		10			In Zr	
TLV-ACGIH		5		10				
ethyl methyl ketone oxime	9							
Threshold Limit Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observation		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
OEL	EU	1	0,28					
Predicted no-effect concentratio	on - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water				0,256	mg	g/I		
Normal value of STP microorga	nisms			177	mç	g/l		
Health - Derived no-effect	Effects on	DMEL			Effects on			
	Consumers Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	workers Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic
Route of exposure	/ louic local					systemic		



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Inhalation			2 mg/m3	2,7 mg/m3			3,33 mg/m3	9 mg/m3
Skin	VND	1,5 mg/kg/d	VND	0,78 mg/kg/d	VND	2,5 mg/kg/d	VND	1,3 mg/kg/d
Naphthalene								
Threshold Limit Value		T) A (A (O)						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observatio	ns	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
TLV	GRC	50						
OEL	EU	50						
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol								
Threshold Limit Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observation	ns	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
OEL	EU	10						
Predicted no-effect concentratio	n - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water				0,0002	mg/	I		
Normal value in marine water				0,00002	mg/			
Health - Derived no-effect	level - DNEL / [OMEL						
	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Inhalation				oysternie		oyotonno	VND	3,5 mg/kg
Skin							VND	0,5 mg/kg bw/d

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).



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RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	liquid
Colour	as showed in color folder
Odour	characteristic
Odour threshold	Not available
рН	Not available
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point	Not available
Boiling range	Not available
Flash point	23 < T < 60 °C
Evaporation Rate	Not available
Flammability of solids and gases	Not available
Lower inflammability limit	Not available
Upper inflammability limit	Not available
Lower explosive limit	Not available
Upper explosive limit	Not available
Vapour pressure	Not available
Vapour density	Not available
Relative density	0.87 Kg/L (± 0,02)
Solubility	Not available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	13.0 sec (±2) FORD 4
Explosive properties	Not available
Oxidising properties	Not available

9.2. Other information



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VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC) :	68,01 %
VOC (volatile carbon) :	67,94 %

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt

SADT = 210°C/410°F.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

xylene (mixture of isomers)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): stable, but may develop violent reactions in the presence of strong oxidising agents such as sulphuric and nitric acids and perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with the air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

xylene (mixture of isomers)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): has a toxic effect on the CNS (encephalopathies). Irritating to the skin, conjunctivae, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure



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Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l LD50 (Oral) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component) LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg

3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate LD50 (Oral) 500 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) > 2000 mg/kg Rat

ethyl methyl ketone oxime LD50 (Oral) 2100 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) 1100 mg/kg Rat

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics LD50 (Oral) > 5000 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) > 20 mg/l/4h Rat

xylene (mixture of isomers)

LD50 (Oral) 3523 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) > 1700 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) 5000 ppm/4h Rat

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt

LD50 (Oral) > 5000 mg/kg Rat - Sprague-Dawley

LD50 (Dermal) > 2000 mg/kg Rat - Wistar



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LC50 (Inhalation) > 4,3 mg/l/4h Rat

Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) LD50 (Dermal) > 2110 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) > 590 mg/m3 Rat

Naphthalene

LD50 (Oral) > 5000 mg/kg Rat derive OOSA 401

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

May produce an allergic reaction.Contains:3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity



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iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	
_C50 - for Fish	0,067 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	0,16 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,022 mg/l/72h
ethyl methyl ketone oxime	
_C50 - for Fish	843 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	750 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	83 mg/l/72h
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, soalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics _C50 - for Fish	> 100 mg/l/96h Fish / Aquatic Invertebrates / Algae / Microorganisms
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 100 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 100 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	> 0,1 mg/l
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	> 0,1 mg/l
xylene (mixture of isomers)	
_C50 - for Fish	> 100 mg/l/96h Microorganisms
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	
_C50 - for Fish	> 100 mg/l/96h Danio rerio
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	49,3 mg/l/72h Desmodesmus subspicatus
Naphthalene	
_C50 - for Fish	> 1 mg/l/96h Theoretical
_C10 for Fish	> 1 mg/l/96h Theoretical
2. Persistence and degradability	
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	
Rapidly degradable	
ethyl methyl ketone oxime	
Degradability: information not available	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, soalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics Rapidly degradable	
xylene (mixture of isomers)	
Rapidly degradable	
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	
Solubility in water	< 0,1 mg/l

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Rapidly degradable		
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol		
Degradability: information not available		
2.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	2,81	
ethyl methyl ketone oxime		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	0,59	
BCF	5	
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	5,1 Log Kow	
BCF	< 1800	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
nformation not available		
I2.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment		

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations. Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, 1263 IATA:

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:

PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL



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IMDG: IATA: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, III IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	NO
IATA:	NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 30 Special Provision: -	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u>	Limited Quantities: 5 I	
IATA:	Cargo:	– Maximum quantity: 220 L	Packaging instructions: 366
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 355
	Special Instructions:	A3, A72, A192	

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006



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Product Point

3 - 40

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity, category 2
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, category 1
Skin Sens. 1B	Skin sensitization, category 1B
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1



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Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H302+H332	Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- **OEL: Occupational Exposure Level**
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).



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GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
 Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EÚ) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP) 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy
- Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Product's classification is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of the CLP Regulation, unless otherwise indicated in sections 11 and 12. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified:

02/03/08/09/10/11/12/13/15/16.